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**Technical Note No. 39**

## **Programming of Campbell Scientific CR1000 Data Loggers to Allow Serial Communication with 2B Tech Analyzers**

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### **Requirements**

- Campbell Scientific CR1000 Data Logger
- 2B Tech Analyzer
- Serial Cable (“straight through”, not “cross over”)

### **Background**

Although all of the 2B analyzers have internal memory for data storage, it is often advantageous to collect data via a central field data logger which is linked to several different instruments and/or meteorological sensors. There are numerous commercially available data loggers; however, Campbell Scientific has been a leader in this field for the past few decades and their data loggers have gained wide acceptance in environmental, meteorological and atmospheric monitoring studies. As such, there have been numerous situations where 2B customers have needed to interface their 2B instrument with data loggers manufactured by Campbell Scientific.

Nearly all 2B Technologies analyzers are capable of outputting a simple analog voltage that is proportional to the concentration of the species measured (e.g., O<sub>3</sub>, NO, NO<sub>2</sub>) and the simplest method of interfacing is to connect the analog output to either a differential or single-ended analog input of the data logger. However, this only provides information on the analyzer concentration output and does not include any other operating parameters such as the flow rate, temperature or pressure, which can be useful for verifying the validity of the data. Furthermore, this analog output can be confusing in cases where multiple concentrations are

measured sequentially (such as in the model 405 which can measure both NO and NO<sub>2</sub>). Finally, by simply monitoring the analog output, one cannot interact with the analyzer. For example, simple serial commands can be used with the Model 410 NO monitor to put the analyzer in a “zero” mode for measuring the offset, followed by a second command returning it to a normal sampling mode. These serial commands can be embedded within the timing of the datalogger programming to perform periodic offset measurements.

**Procedure**

Current Campbell Scientific data loggers use CRbasic for programming. Below is an example of CRbasic program written for a CR1000 Campbell Scientific datalogger which: (1) collects data from a 2B Model 410 NO monitor/Model 401 NO<sub>2</sub> converter combination every 10 seconds, (2) outputs an hourly average and standard deviation of the concentration data (NO and NO<sub>2</sub>), (3) outputs a second data table consisting of 10-minute averaged data for concentration as well as instrumental variables such as flow, temperature and pressure, and (4) switches the analyzer into a zeroing mode at midnight for 10 minutes. Simple variations of this program can be used for logging data from other 2B Technologies instruments. For assistance in modifying this program for other 2B instruments, please contact 2B Technologies.

**Wiring:**

<b>CR1000x</b>	<b>DB-9 Serial Connector for 2B Analyzer</b>
C7 (Tx)	Pin 3
C8 (Rx)	Pin 2
G	Pin 5

**Sample Program:**

```
'CR1000 Series Datalogger
' *****
' CR-Basic Program to ingest serial data from 2B model 410 NO analyzer coupled
with the model 401
' NO2 converter
'Written for Campbell Scientific CR1000 data logger, Andrew Turnipseed
'12/15/2014
' *****
' Runs an auto-zero every night at midnight for 10 minutes
```

```

' Serial RS-232 communication on COM port: com4 (Control Ports 7 and 8 on
CR1000)
' Wiring:
' CR1000                DB-9 Serial Connector (to 2B)
' C7 (Tx) ----- Pin 3
' C8 (Rx) ----- Pin 2
' G (grd) ----- Pin 5
' *****

' Flag(1) = Data Flag for 10 min. data
' Flag(2) = Data Flag for zero mode
' Flag(3) = Data Flag for hourly data
' *****

' Variables:
Public NO2, NO, NOx, temperature, pressure,
Public Sflow, Tflow, Oflow, Tscrub, O3
Public status, state As Long
Public tout(13) As String *8
Public raw As String *70
Public date As String *8
Public time As String *8
Public Flag(3) As Boolean
Public TC As Long
Public counts As Long

' OUTPUT SECTION
'***** Hourly averaged data ***** ***
DataTable(DataHour,true,5000)      ' 5000 hrs = 416 days of data
  DataInterval(0,60,Min,0)
  Average(1, NO2, IEEE4,Flag(3))    'Average NO2 concentration
  StdDev(1, NO2, IEEE4,Flag(3))
  Average(1, NO, IEEE4,Flag(3))    'Average NO concentration
  StdDev(1, NO, IEEE4,Flag(3))
  Average(1, NOx, IEEE4,Flag(3))    ' NOx = NO + NO2
  Totalize(1, Counts, Long,Flag(3)) ' number of measurements included in the
hourly average.
  Totalize(1, TC, Long,0)           ' total number of measurements cycles
within the hour.
EndTable
' Note: (TC – Counts) = the number of measurement cycles not included in the
hourly average.
' This would include cycles when measuring the offset or times when certain data
flags are violated.

```

```

***** QC data: *****
***** 10 min. avg'd data *****
DataTable(Data10min,TRUE,-1) ' will fill remainder of data storage
  DataInterval(0,10,Min,0)
  Average(1, NO2, IEEE4,Flag(1))
  Average(1, NO, IEEE4,Flag(1))
  Average(1, temperature, IEEE4,Flag(1))
  Average(1, pressure, IEEE4,Flag(1))
  Average(1, Sflow, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Sample Flow
  Average(1, Tflow, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Total Flow
  Average(1, Oflow, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Ozone Flow
  Average(1, Tscrub, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Scrubber Temperature
  Average(1, O3, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Excess ozone concentration
  Average(1, state, IEEE4,Flag(1)) 'Measurement state (see 2B manual for
Status byte values)
EndTable
////////////////////////////////////
'Define Subroutines //////////////////////////////////////
' none needed!
'////////////////////////////////////
BeginProg
'Initialize parameters:
      Status = 1
      Flag(3) = False
      Flag(2) = False
      SerialOpen(com4, 4800, 0, 0, 300)

'Start sampling loop: 10 sec. sampling cycle
Scan(10,Sec, 3, 0)
***** Timing for auto-zero mode *****
' Time to start zero mode on 410:
  If TimeIntolInterval(0,1440,Min) Then ' executed at 0 min. into every
1440 (1440 min/day)
      SerialOut(com4,CHR(90),"",0,500) ' string sent once, waits for echo for
500x0.01 sec.
                                     ' CHR(90) = "Z" == auto Zero mode
      Status = 0
      Serialflush(com4) ' flush the serial buffer (get rid of stray text)
      Flag(2) = True ' data excluded from hourly average
  EndIf

'send another command 10 min. later to leave zero mode:

```

If TimeIntoInterval(10,1440,Min) Then ' Executed 10 min. into the same 1440 min.

SerialOut(com4,CHR(89),"",0,500) ' string sent once, waits for echo for 500x0.01 sec.

' CHR(89) = "Y" == back to previous mode

Status = 1

Serialflush(com4)

' flush the serial buffer (get rid of stray text)

Flag(2) = False

' Reset the hourly data flag

EndIf

\*\*\*\*\* End of zero mode timing \*\*\*\*\*

' Set Flag(1) to False every time through (assumes data will be valid)

Flag(1) = False

'reading serial output of the model 410:

SerialIn (raw,com4,0,13,75)

'split the string at each comma

SplitStr(tout(1), raw, CHR(44), 13,5)

'converting string to numeric

NO2 = tout(1) 'ppbv

NO = tout(2) 'ppbv

NOx = tout(3) 'ppbv

temperature = tout(4) 'deg. C

pressure = tout(5) 'mbar

Sflow = tout(6) 'cc/min

Tflow = tout(7) 'cc/min

Oflow = tout(8) 'cc/min

Tscrub = tout(9) 'oC

O3 = tout(10) 'ppbv

date = tout(11) 'string

time = tout(12) 'string

state = tout(13) 'state indicator

' In cases where there is stray text in the serial buffer or a mistiming - do not want to average data.

If (NO2 = NAN) Then

Flag(1) = True

'Excludes data in 10 min. avgs.

Serialflush(com4)

' flush the serial buffer (get rid of stray text)

EndIf

If (state > 85) Then Flag(1) = True

'Excludes data in Parameter

Adjust Mode

If (Flag(1) = True) OR (Flag(2) = True) Then Flag(3) = True 'Excludes  
data in hourly averages

If (Flag(1) = False) AND (Flag(2) = False) Then Flag(3) = False 'Includes  
data in hourly averages

TC = 1

Counts = 1

'call Datatable for averaging:  
    CallTable DataHour

'call Datatable for fast data:  
    CallTable Data10min

NextScan  
EndProg